

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - France

**1. Identification of the preparation and of the company**

**Product code** : DIA25  
**Trade name** : SUNLIT DIAMOND  
**Product name** : DIAMOND PROC CYAN  
**Manufacturer** : SUN CHEMICAL  
 Z.I. DU PONT DU MATZ  
 60150 THOUROTTE  
 FRANCE  
 (33) 3 44 90 60 00  
 SUN CHEMICAL  
 ZI MITRY-COMPANS  
 RUE FERNAND FOREST  
 77290 MITRY-MORY  
 FRANCE  
 (33) 1 64 67 62 00  
**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : regulatory@eu.sunchem.com  
**Product use** : Printing ink.;Printing ink related material

**2. Hazards identification**

The preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

**Classification** : R52/53  
**Physical/chemical hazards** : Not applicable.  
**Human health hazards** : Not applicable.  
**Environmental hazards** : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.  
**Additional warning phrases** : Contains COBALT CARBOXYLATE. May produce an allergic reaction.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

Chemical name*	CAS number	%	EC number	Classification
t-Butyl hydroquinone	1948-33-0	< 1	217-752-2	Xn; R22 [1] Xi; R36/38 N; R50/53
COBALT CARBOXYLATE	68409-81-4	< 1	270-066-5	Xn; R22 [1] R43 N; R51/53
See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above				

There are no ingredients or additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

## 4. First-aid measures

### First-aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Recommendations** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
- Spill** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

**Note:** see section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating,

## 7. Handling and storage

drinking and smoking.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

### Storage

: Store between the following temperatures: 5 - 35°C

Store in accordance with local regulations. Observe label precautions. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources.

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Do not empty into drains.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Engineering measures** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Occupational exposure limits** : Not applicable.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory system** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Skin and body** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Hands

**Gloves** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Eyes** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Colour** : Blue.

**Flash point** : >60°C

**Boiling point** : Lowest known value: 288°C (550°F)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Hazardous decomposition products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising agents, strong acids, strong alkalis.

## 11. Toxicological information

There is no data available on the preparation itself. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See sections 2 and 15 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Contains COBALT CARBOXYLATE. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 12. Ecological information

There is no data available on the preparation itself.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 15 for details.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.  
Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 08 03 12

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.**

**Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.**

## 14. Transport information

This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

## 15. Regulatory information

<b>EU regulations</b>	: The product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with the Directive 1999/45/EC as follows:
<b>Risk phrases</b>	: R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
<b>Safety phrases</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Additional warning phrases</b>	: Contains COBALT CARBOXYLATE. May produce an allergic reaction.
<b>Child protection</b>	: Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
Restrictions on the Marketing and Use Directive	: Not applicable.
Industrial use	: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: COBALT CARBOXYLATE <span style="float: right;">RG 70</span>
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

## 16. Other information

CEPE Classification	: 1
Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - France	: R22- Harmful if swallowed. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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Version : **1.04**

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

***The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.***